PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 8. PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 3, 1816. Vol. 31.

I OFFER myself as a Candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the ensuing General Election, and solicit the patronage of the Electors of Allegheny County.

L. STEWART.

Pittsburgh, August 8, 1816.

To the Independent Electors of *ALLEGHENY COUNTY.*

I OFFER myself a Candidate for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, at the ensuing Election. Those who think proper to give me their support may be assured of my best endeavours to execute the duties of the Office.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, 12th August, 1816.

Grand National Lottery.

SECOND CLASS.

Authorised by Act of Congress, for opening a Canal in the City of Washington.

Begins drawing on the 30th September next.

35,000 Dollars,
25,000 Dollars, } Highest Prizes.
10,000 Dollars,

Six Dollars the lowest Prize.

SCHEME.

1	Prize	of	$35,000	is $35,000
1	do.		25,000	25,000
1	do.		10,000	10,000
1	do.		5,000	5,000
1	do.		2,000	2,000
4	do.		1,000	4,000
50	do.		600	30,000
50	do.		100	5,000
100	do.		50	5,000
208	do.		25	5,200
1000	do.		15	15,000
9800	do.		6	58,800

First drawn numbers on the 1st day, 2nd—3d—4th—5th—6th—7th—8th—9th—10th—11th—12th—13th—14th—15th—16th—17th—18th 19th—20th—21st—22nd—23d—24th—25th—26th—27th—28th—29th—30th—31st—32nd—33d—34th—35th—36th—37th—38th—39th—40th—41st—42nd—43d—44th—45th—46th—47th—48th—49th—and 50th days, are each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by one hundred Tickets, beginning with No. 35001 to No 35100 inclusive, for the first drawn on the first day of drawing and so on in regular succession for the rest.

The 35,000 Dollar Prize,
The 25,000 Dollar Prize,
The 10,000 Dollar Prize,

and all the other Capital Prizes are floating, and adventurers who purchase Tickets at the commencement of the Lottery have an equal chance o drawing any of the Capitals, as they may all come out on the first day of drawing.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction and payable 40 days after the drawing is completed.

TICKETS FOR SALE

At the Store of WILLIAM HILL *for Cash only, who will receive the drawings regularly.*

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1816.

FOR SALE,

By RICHARD BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets, PITTSBURGH.

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof, French Brandy,
Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Currant } Wines,
Juniata Barr Iron
American, Blister and Crowley Steel
English Crowley do.
Rolled Iron and Nail Rods,
Castings assorted,
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2 & 3, Post do.
Medium and Demy Paper, Wrapping do.
Bonnet Boards,
Window Glass and Bottles,
Birmingham Queensware,
Spanish flotant Indigo,
Cotton and Wool Cards, Cotton Yarn,
Kentucky Segars,
Kentucky Twist and Sweet-scented Tobacco,
Bed Cords and Plough Lines,
Pig Lead, Logwood, White Lead,
Merino and Common Wool Hats,
Axes, Hoes and Chains,
crew Augers first quality,
Mill Saws. ALSO,
18 Boxes Tin Plate.

August 15, 1816. 2aw6m.

Rosin Soap.

A quantity just received, and for Sale at reduced prices, by

Bosler & Co.

Pitssburgh, August 19, 1816. 2awtf.

10,000 feet seasoned White Pine Plank, *For Sale,*

Joists, Rafters, Studding White Oak Logs, and Lap Shingles, Oak Lath, by

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, August 26, 1816.

William Hill,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stockinetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Barcelona, scarlet and flag Band. hdkfs.
Sup. and common Madrass handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 *a* 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do. do. do.
Hatters morocco skins
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, mull-mull, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Colerain muslins
1 case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and senshaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton hosiery
Millington Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine,
Sherry, Teneriffe and Port wine,
French Brandy,
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, alspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, glue, by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel.
Patent Shot
Salt by the barrell
Writing Paper by the ream,
Juniata Bar Iron by the Ton
Castings do.

W. H. Is at all times enabled to execute orders for country linen, flax and tow, thread in cuts, twilled bags, country half hose, butter in kegs.

Pittsburgh, Aug, 9, 1816. *tf*

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenont is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stone's-ville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

M. RENDELL,

Has just received, in addition to her Stock of MILLINERY a fresh supply of handsome

White Chip Flats,

—ALSO—

An elegant assortment of Ribbons

Diamond Alley, 15th August, 1816.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, BY

Dennis S. Scully,

IN MARKET STREET, AN INVOICE OF

Seasonable Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

CALICOES, Dimities,
Ginghams, Jaconet Muslins,
Cambrick Muslins; Flag Handkerchiefs,
Superfine Cloths, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

London Particular Madeira Wine,
Ditto do. Teneriffe do. } warranted
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy, } genuine.
Ditto Old Jamaica Spirits,
A few barrels Java Coffee,
Lump and Loaf Sugar,
Copperas, Indigo, Logwood, &c. &c. &c.

The above Goods will be sold at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage, for Cash, or approved notes at 60 or 90 days.

Pittsburgh, 20th August, 1816. 2awtf

Public Notice.

PURSUANT to a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the First Presbyterian Congregation of the City of Pittsburgh, *Public Notice hereby given* to all persons indebted to said Congregation, either by note, or other arrearage, of more than six months standing, that unless they come forward and make payment thereof to the subscriber, on or before the first Monday of September next, the said notes and accounts will be put into the hands of proper officers for recovery.

By order of the Board,

HUGH M'CLELLAND, *Treasurer.*

August 15, 1816. 6t

Washington Monument Lottery.

THIRD CLASS.

Contains,—	3	Prices of - -	$ 20,000
	4	do. - -	10,000
	5	do. - - -	5,000
	20	do. - -	1,000
	26	do. - - -	500
	100	do. - - - -	100
	140	do. - - - -	50
	400	do. - - - -	25
	11,000	do. - - -	12

☞ NOT TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE.

To commence drawing in the City of Baltimore on the first Monday in March next, and draw 1000 Tickets each day, and finish in seven weeks from its commencement. The Tickets are from a plate engraved by Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co. of Philadelphia, and contain likenesses of Gen. Washington, taken from the most celebrated paintings.

Tickets, at $ 10 each, may be had on application to FREDERICK DENT, Market Street, Pittsburgh. August 23, 1816.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscriber, is happy to inform his friends and the public, that he has, after a lapse o sundry weeks, been enabled to put his Steam Machinery for his Fulling Mill and Wool Carding into complete repair. He will thankfully receive all orders for Wool Carding; and will engage to execute them at the usual prices, on the shortest notice, and in the best manner.

The Steam Fulling Mills,

Have also been put into a complete state of repair He has added to them two new Shearing Machines upon the most approved plan; which will enable him without delay to execute all work which may be offered, in the best manner. He flatters himself, that his great exertions, his attention to business, and the quality of his work, will entitle him to public patronage.

☞ Those having Cloth lying in the Mill, are earnestly requested to call and take it away, as the subscriber cannot be accountable for damages from moth, &c. &c. which may be sustained.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, August 17, 1816.

N. B. The subscriber will rent upon the shares his FULLING MILLS, to a person who can be well recommended, and who is capable of carrying on the business in a suitable manner, and none other need apply. To such a one, this is an object of importance, as there is machinery sufficient for the manufacture of from thirty to forty thousand yards of cloth per annum.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of the late Col. RICHARD BROWN, deceased,

I NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

The Farm on which he resided,

On the Ohio River, in Holliday's Cove, in Brook County, Virginia.

This Estate consists of about 700 Acres of Land, 250 of which is a rich Island, the remainder principally second bottom and upland; that part of the upland which is not tillable, is covered with timber suitable for furnishing the Island and tillable part with fencing and building timber. There is between 150 and 200 acres cleared and under cultivation, a suitable proportion of which is good meadow land. The buildings consist in two log dwelling houses and a log barn with under story of stone. It is well supplied with very fine springs of good water.

The situation of this property on the Ohio River, five miles from the flourishing Town of Steubenville, and in the neighbourhood of several Merchant Mills, Iron Works, &c. renders it a desirable object to a person who would wish to farm extensively, as he would probably at all times find a good market at his door for the produce of his farm. A part of the purchase will be required in hand, and for the remainder a reasonable credit will be given.

BEZ. WELLS, *Executor.*

Steubenville, 5th July, 1816. tf

Take Notice.

DOCTOR M. PARKER, being about to remove from the City of Pittsburgh, has put his Notes and Accounts into the hands of MATTHEW B. LOWRIE, Esq. for Collection. Those who know themselves indebted to Doctor Parker, will do well to attend to the above hint, and save costs.

August 19, 1816.

Valuable Property for Rent.

The Subscriber offers for RENT *on*

PERPETUAL LEASE,

the following Valuable Property:—

ONE LOT of GROUND, on the corner of Water and Ferry Streets, 35 feet in front on Water Street, and 98 feet deep on Ferry Street.

TWO LOTS, adjoining the above, bounded on one side by Water Street, and the other by Front Street. These Lots are each 35 feet in front, and in depth 160 feet.

Also, ONE LOT, in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets, 23 feet front, and 70 feet in depth—with all the improvements.

The property will be shewn, and the terms, for the whole or any part, made known on application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816.

FOR SALE OR RENT On Perpetual Lease.

THE *TAVERN* and *FERRY* on Liberty Street in the City of Pittsburgh. On the premises is a large well finished two story brick House, and other convenient buildings; also, a landing on the opposite shore of the Monongahela. For terms and further particulars apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

August 12, 1816. 2awtf.

WILLIAMS'S *Wholesale and Retail* STORE,

MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee, Common do., Young Hyson Tea, Nutme, Cloves, Cinnamon, Alspice } Pepper, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Bengal & Spanish, Rosin Soap

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.

Valuable LAND for sale.

ONE tract of LAND in Ohio township, Allegheny county, containing 300 acres, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, and 4 from the Ohio river. There is a small improvement on this land. Possession may be had immediately.

One Tract of Land in Fayette township, Allegheny County, containing 119 acres, one mile from Pittsburgh. This tract is well improved, has a comfortable dwelling house, large barn, orchard, &c.

One Tract of Land also in Fayette township, containing 82 acres, one mile from Noblesburgh—on this Tract there is a good house, barn, spring house and orchard, &c. An indisputable title will be given for the above tracts of Land. The terms will be made easy. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living on the last mentioned tract.

KILLIAN LONG.

July 27, 1816.

WILLIAM MASSON,

SAIL MAKER, PITTSBURGH.

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he has received from Philadelphia, a quantity of RUSSIA SAIL DUCK; also, a quantity of BLOCKS of various sizes, and that he is ready to receive orders from any place to make SAILS for Boats, or Vessels of any size. Likewise, SACKEN BOTTOMS, either of Country Cloth or Russia Duck.

From an experience of 20 years following the Sea, he flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may want any thing in his line.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1815.

N. B. Blocks and Rigging will be completely fitted, and Boats rigged in any manner that may be required. He will also draw drafts of Vessels, by which Rigging can be made to the exact quantity.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

3d February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1816.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

FOREIGN SELECTIONS.

VERSATILITY OF PARIS.

The French papers have at length ceased to entertain us with the tedious repetition of festivities and ceremonials of all sorts and sizes on the marriage of the Duke of BERRI, are now become equally edifying on the subject of the *Fete Dieu*. To read their minute and laboured descriptions of this solemnity, one would suppose Paris to be the most devout city on earth; and it seems to be entirely forgotten that its inhabitants followed the Goddess of Reason with equal veneration, and listened with as much apparent conviction to the blasphemies of HEBERT and CHAUTETTE. Nay, there are not wanting among them at this moment men who would gladly bring back to power the notorious atheist FOUCHE, who was the first to decree officially that death was *an eternal sleep*; and who presided at the horrible ceremony in which the christian sacrament was ridiculed, by making an ass drink out of a communion cup! The knowledge of these facts should dictate to the Parisian writers some little reserve in their declamations on the power of religion as evidenced in these shows and ceremonies. We very much fear that the same splendour and the same novelty would attract at least as much admiration in Paris, however absurd or even detestable were the rites to be celebrated. It is singular enough, that to this very day the tickets and checks of the *Theatre Francais* are inscribed in the words *Theatre of the Republic*. Surely, after the numberless revolutions that have succeeded the republican era, this inscription has become a little antiquated. At the time of BONAPARTE's assuming the Imperial Diadem, an epigram appeared in which the republic was described as having been brought to bed of an emperor, but dying of the *Cesarean* operation.

FRENCH SCHOOLS ABOLISHED.

Among other ill advised measures of the present government of France, is the dissolution of the compact of men of letters and science, known by the name of the Institute, an association whose transactions will do honor to human genius in all future ages. A shadow of the substance has been set up in its stead, and the name of the *Academy* has been revived. The names of the members have not been published, but those of the *Institute*, honored by an exclusion, have appeared in the public prints. The Polytechnick School, in which 1,500 sons of the first families in France have been liberally educated at the public expense, has also been abolished. From this seminary also came the 800 brave youths, who, like 300 Spartans at Thermopylæ, sacrificed themselves at the batteries of Montmartre, when Paris was betrayed into the hands of the hostile hordes in 1814.

PARIS, *July 7.*

ASSIZE COURT.

Yesterday, the Court continued occupied in hearing the defences of the various prisoners. After the different Council had been heard, the President asked the prisoners, whether they had any thing to add in their defence? Only the following said any thing worthy of notice:

Tolleron spoke indignantly of the greater part of the accused being described as of *the dregs of the people*.—His family had not worm eaten parchments to show, but it was well known in the department of the Nievre for centuries of virtues.

The woman Picard pronounced with a lively emotion, often interrupted by sobs and tears, the following speech:

"I have nothing to add to my defence, except to intreat the Gentlemen of the Jury to pity an unhappy woman. My only crime is that of having been weak enough to receive those cursed cards, without revealing it to my husband. I intreat you to have compassion on M. Destune. He belongs to a respectable family, to which I owed great obligations in my infancy: his father rendered me great services, and now I am the cause that he is deprived of the embraces of his son. I however alone shall undergo the consequences of my crime, and shall not feel the disgrace, when I return to my country, of receiving the reproaches of an afflicted parent."

Sourden delivered a very long discourse. The first part of it was full of declamation against the prejudices of birth, and of historical parallels drawn from the conduct of Cardinal Mazarine. He was requested by the President to confine himself to his cause. "What am I reproached with?" continued he, "with having composed songs in favour of Bonaparte, sung them at Cafe Montansier. Ah! Gentlemen, think of those men of letters, those men of genius, who have so often changed sides——of *giroueites*, those political chameleons, always ready to embrace the party of the strongest; and reflect whether you can impute it as a crime to me—the obscure author of some ephemeral compositions—the having been for a moment carried away by the torrent of example!" He confessed his knowledge of the cards and proclamations, and declared it to have been his intention to denounce to the government the machinations going on. But he contended, that if the association of the patriots of 1816 was a conspiracy, it was the most pitiable, the most ridiculous one in the annals of the world. Instead of mischief, it had by its discovery produced salutary effects. To use a vulgar comparison, the conspirators had done the same to the government that a prisoner would do, who, thinking that he gave his victim a fatal draught, should administer to him the elixir of long life.

The speech of Sourdon displayed proofs of erudition, logic, and sometimes of oratorical talents.

The President then summed up, and concluded with an immense number of questions put to the consideration of the Jury, with regard to the respective guilt of the principals, the accomplices and the *non-revealers*. The Jury retired to deliberate at 7 o'clock in the evening.

PARIS, JUNE 15.

The extraordinary trial of a woman named Caroline Leruth was decided on the 14th. She was charged with having stabbed the Sieur Delacourt, with a sharp instrument, with an intention of putting him to death. This circumstance which caused an uncommon sensation in Paris at the time, has been already noticed in our paper. It appeared from the confession of the woman, as well as that of Delacourt himself, that this unfortunate man being tired of his life, met the woman at the garden of the Thuilleries, entered into conversation with her, took her to dine with him, accompanied her afterwards to her lodging, communicated to her his desperate intention of committing suicide, and offered her a large sum of money to kill him; she refused to perpetrate the horrid deed, although she was in great distress; he made her drink a quantity of wine, in order to deprive her of her senses, with the hope that while in a state of intoxication, she might be prevailed on to do the act; he gave her his note for 1000 francs and his watch; he then took her along with him to the Boulevards where she still persisted in refusing to put him to death. He then sat down by a tree, took hold of her hand, put a sharp knife into it, and forced her hand together with the knife, against his belly, which the knife entered. These were the principal facts of the case. The jury found Caroline Leruth guilty of having wounded Delacourt, and sentenced her to ten years solitary confinement.

LONDON, *July* 11.

The Paris Journals of the 8th, received this morning are possessed of considerable interest. They detail the sentences of the poor wretches at whose farcical trial we have been laughing without a thought that its termination would be so tragical. After deliberating all Sunday night, the Jury returned their verdict, and the following sentences were pronounced on Monday morning:

Pleignier, Carbonneau, and Tolleron, to be executed with all the dreadful forms, cutting off the right hand, &c. attached to the crime of parricide.

Charles, Defranc, Desbaumes, the woman Picard, Dervin, Lebrun, Warm, and Lascaux, are condemned to deportation.

The others to fine, and various periods of imprisonments, from five to ten years; among the latter is the ballad maker, Sourdon. This fellow, on receiving his sentence, declared he would write with an illustrious Poet,

"Le crime fait la honte, et non pas l'echafaud."
"The crime, and not the scaffold, brings disgrace."

The condemned have three days for appeal, but there is no probability of their being able to invalidate the judgment against them.

LONDON, *July* 13.

It is stated, in a letter from the Mediterranean, that a Captain of one of his Majesty's frigates had, by going a shore, fallen into the hands of the Algerines, who, with the most refined cruelty, nailed him to a cross, making him suffer the most excruciating tortures. Some Turks, who were present, moved to pity by his sufrings, attempted to release him, but were shot dead for their humane interference. The captain's name is given in the letter which communicates the intelligence; but we forbear to mention it without corroboration of the fact.

DEFEAT OF GEN. BOLIVAR.

[*From the New York Gazette, Aug.* 25.]

From Porto Cavello.—From Capt. Bowers, of the schooner Bolina, 17 days from Porto Cavello, we learn, that General Bolivar, landed on the 5th of July at Ocumares, a small port 15 miles to the windward of Porto Cavello, with his patriot army, amounting to 800 men, principally blacks from St. Domingo. and was on his march for Caraccas, when he was met by General Morales at the head of the royal army, and after a most sanguinary battle, was completely cut up, and nearly all his army destroyed. General Bolivar made his escape, leaving behind him, in the hands of the enemy, all his baggage, camp equipage, and succeeded in getting on board his fleet at Ocumares with a few of his followers. But the commander of the fleet (Biron) refused to put to sea, being in want of provisions. The men were then turned on shore, except a sufficient number to man the fleet, and all massacred by a furious popalace. The fleet then steered for the Island of Buenos Ayres, with General Bolivar on board.

General Gaines is on his way to this city, to stand his trial before a Court Martial.

A friend politely put into our hands a file of old papers, "Dunlap's General Advertiser," of 1775. Two or three articles amused us, and we think may please our readers.

Bristol, Nov. 8. 1776.—At the final close of the poll this afternoon at three o'clock, for representatives for this city, the numbers were, for

CRUGER	BURKE	BRICKDALE	CLARE
3565	2707	2456	283

Mr. Cruger's majority over Mr. Brickdale is 1106, and Mr. Burke's majority over Mr. Brickdale is 251.

Notwithstanding the poll has continued so long, and the contest has been so smart between Mr. Briskdale's and Mr. Burke's friends; there never was a contested election carried on here with less disturbance.

Who at this day would imagine that the great Edmund Burke would have been so nearly rejected. His opponent at this day is forgotten, and will only be remembered as the opponent of Mr. Burke.

London Oct. 27.—We are informed that Mr. Wilkes, since his being chosen Lord Mayor, sent a very polite message to Mrs. Wilkes, desiring her to honor him as Lady Mayoress, which she declined, giving as a reason, as she had lived a retired life so long, it would be disagreeable to her to appear in so public a station, but added, as her daughter was perfectly qualified to shine in an exalted sphere, she begged that she might supply her place.

Yesterday the Lord Mayor elect, accompanied by the Aldermen Crosby, Lewes, and Hayley, and the two Sheriffs, set out at one o'clock from Guildhall, to attend the Lord Chancellor at his house in Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, to be presented to his Lordship for his approbation. The Lord Mayor elect arrived at the Lord Chancellor's house at a quarter past two, and after waiting some little time was presented by the Recorder to the Lord Chancellor, who declared "*His Majesty approved of him.*"

We are informed that the Lord Mayor elect's private coach and chariot cost two thousand pounds, which his brother-in-law, Mr. Haley, made him a present of.

We hear, that when it was under consideration in the cabinet, whether John Wilkes, Esq. should be approved of as Lord Mayor by the Chancellor? A member observed, "It was much better to permit him to be *Lord Mayor for one year*, than *King of the city for life.*"

Phil. True Amer.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

BAIL of WILLIAM MURDOCK, late Constable in and for the Borough of Pittsburgh, (absconded) desirous of closing his business with as little trouble as possible, take this method of informing those interested, that they will attend at the following times and places, viz:—

At the Office of J. Young, Esq. on Monday the 2d day of September next.

At the Office of P. Giland, Esq. on Tuesday the 3d.

At the Office of J. Darragh, Esq. on Thursday the 5th.

At the Office of R. Graham, Esq. on Friday the 6th, and

At the Office of T. Enoch, Esq. on Saturday the 7th, from 9 o'clock, A. M. until 5 P. M. and at the same places and the same days of the week following, where those who have just claims against him (said Murdock) as Constable aforesaid, will please attend, and exhibit their demands—and such as have paid him money will do well to attend and exhibit his receipts, to save them costs, as executions will issue against all for whom we pay money on account of the said Murdock's delinquency, unless they can shew his receipt or some other satisfactory reason why they should not be issued. This notice embraces collections within the Borough only—such as employed him to collect out of the Borough, have done it at their own risk.

JOHN SNYDER,
JOS. CANNON.

Pittsburgh, 30th August, 1816.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between GEORGE MILTENBERGER & WILLIAM KEPNER, trading under the firm of

William Kepner & Co.

Was dissolved by mutual consent on the 16th inst. All those who have any demands against said firm, or are in any manner indebted, will please call and settle the same with WILLIAM KEPNER, who is duly authorised.

GEO: MILTENBERGER.
WILLIAM KEPNER.

August 28, 1816.

N. B. The business will in future be carried on by WILLIAM KEPNER, at the old stand, corner of Market and Front streets.

HENRY DOANE,

Offers for sale in Water, between Market and Wood streets,

ROSIN SOAP,
Spanish & common Segars
Hyson skin and Young Hyson tea
Carolina Indigo
Whiting
Madder
Kegs and half kegs Kentucky tobacco
Flour
Writing and wrapping paper
Rosin
Shott, all sizes
Gunpowder
Cotton and wool cards
Juniper berries

An elegant assortment of penknives
Files, Padlocks
Stock and knoblocks
Brass and plated candlesticks
Powder flasks
Bolts and gimblets
Till, cupboard & chest locks
Butt hinges' screws
Razors and razor cases
Wheel irons, frying pans
Straw knives, vices
Wagon boxes, &c. &c.

Together with drawing and halter Chains, axes, hatchets, mattocks, hoes, and castings—50 kegs Cut nails—a variety of foreign Liquors—3000lbs Kentucky Bacon—10 bls. Salt.

Pittsburgh, September 3, 1816.

Steubenville Cloth.

THE subscribers have received, and offer for Sale,

Six pieces of Cloth,

MANUFACTURED at Steubenville, well worth the particular attention of the public.

ON HAND,
A well chosen assortment of
Dry Goods and Hardware,

Which they are disposed to sell on the most liberal terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ & Co.

In Wood, between First and Second Streets.

Pittsburgh, August 31.—3mq

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the court of common pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 16th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All the right, title, interest and claim, of Thomas Copeland, of, in, and to, Lot No. 81, situate in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded northwardly by Front street, 30 feet; southwardly by M'Leod's line; eastwardly by lot No. 80; and westwardly by lot No. 82, more or less. Also, all the right, title, interest and claim of said Thomas Copeland, of, in, and to, part of Lot No. 22, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by Front street 20 feet, by lot No. 81, by M'Leod's line, by ground of John Cameron and ground of Wm. Montgomery, so marked and numbered in col. O'Hara's plan of the extension of Pittsburgh, on which is erected one frame dwelling house, stables, &c. more or less. Also, Lots Nos. 12 and 13, situate on Grant's hill, in Pitt township, so marked and numbered in the plan laid out by Thomas Enoch, Esq. bounded by the road leading from Pittsburgh to the coal pits, by lots Nos. 11, 10, 9, 31, 30 and 14, being in breadth together 60 feet, be the same more or less. At the suit of Thomas Liggett, indorsee of Jacob Anshutz.

Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

WM. WOODS, *Sheriff.*

August 31.—3vq

25 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber living on the Green Bottom, in Cabbel county, Virginia, about the 20th May last, a negro man named

JACOB,

five feet 8 or 9 inches high, a sleepy dull look, black complexion, stoop shoulders, pouch mouth, thick lips, badly made, with a very slow and slovenly walk, between 25 and 30 years of age, his left arm short and considerably perished, occasioned by a burn when a small lad. His clothing not known. The above reward will be given to any person who will deliver said negro to the subscriber, or Twelve Dollars and Fifty cents to any one who will lodge him in any jail so that I can get him again.

WILLIAM GOUGH, for
WILSON CARY NICHOLAS.

Green Bottom, Aug. 15.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Sunday, 25th inst. JOHN MORRISON, an apprentice to the House Carpenter Business. Said Morrison is about 19 years of age, fair hair, stout built.

The above reward but no charges will be given for apprehending said apprentice.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 2, 1816.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from my pasture, on or about the 8th inst. a dun MARE, 5 or 6 years old, handsome made. Also, taken out of the same pasture, a dark BROWN HORSE, a bob tail, well gaited, 8 years old, 14 hands and better high.—Whoever takes up said 'Strays, or either, shall receive TEN DOLLARS each, to be delivered to WM. DEAL, or ANDREW MILLER, Pittsburgh, or information given to

MOSES MIDDLESWATH,

Chartier's Creek, 9 miles from Pittsburgh.

August 28, 1816.

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1816.

It has been often asked, in what do the two great political parties in our country now differ? Have we not peace and commerce, and what more do Federalists require? We are rejoiced to find that the opinions of honest politicians have outlived the persecutions levelled at them, and are about to become fashionable. Our political adversaries find, after all, that commerce is better than embargo, and peace preferable to war. It has cost us, to be sure, some few millions expended in philosophical experiments, to bring our *Republican* brethren to concur in our opinion—We have gained a comfortable national debt, for which we are taxed up to the eye-brows, and several other valuable Madisonian acquisitions, such as the loss of the fisheries, "sailor's rights," some thousands of lives, and almost national bankruptcy, &c. Yet, notwithstanding these *trifles*, it is some consolation to find, that imbecility is openly avowed, the restrictive system abandoned, while good, sound Federal doctrines have obtained a complete triumph over French philosophy and democratic whimsies and theories.

DEFEAT OF GEN. BOLIVAR.

Capt. Baker arrived at New York in 10 days from St. Thomas, confirms the account, given in a preceding column, of the defeat of the patriot gen. Bolivar, on his march to Caraccas. Capt. B. states, that the battle was very severe, and terminated in the total rout of Bolivar's army and the slaughter of the principal part. Bolivar, and a few of his followers, effected their escape on board their fleet, with the loss of all their baggage and camp equipage. By such ill-judged expeditions the Royal cause cannot fail to be strengthened.

Accounts of the subscription to the Bank of the United States, have now come in, and it appears that the subscription wants upwards of a million to complete it. The amount subscribed in the city of New Orleans is 315,000 dollars.

We have heard it doubted (says the Virginia Patriot) whether the steam-boat soon to leave New-York for Russia, will have sails; or those who go in it will venture to trust themselves to the efficacy of steam alone. If without sails, (though Columbus deserves *more* credit.) those who *first cross* the Atlantic in a steam-boat will be entitled to a great portion of applause. In a few years we expect such trips will be common. *Audax* (says the chorus in Seneca's Medea,)

Audax nimium, qui freta primus,
Rate tam fragili, perfida rupit.

Bold was the man, the first who dared to brave,
Infragile bark, the wild, perfidious wave:

and bold will they be who first make a passage to Europe in a steam-boat. Jason crept along by the shore: Not so these adventurers: they will have

No port to cheer them on the restless wave.

A London paper states, that the Emperor Alexander has made the Russian Bible Association, a present of a large house, four stories high, solidly built of stone, and lying in one of the finest parts of Petersburgh, near the Imperial Summer Garden. The society has also received from his Majesty a present of 15,000 roubles.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER, RECEIVED IN BOSTON.

"PALERMO, JUNE 12. Since writing this morning, we have received the unwelcome news, that a complete revolution has taken place in *Tunis*. The Bey has been beheaded, and every Christian massacred without discrimination. This information has been officially announced here by the First Senator; and corroborates the report which we had a few days since, which was that the Turkish soldiers had formed a conspiracy to behead the Bey, and put his son on the throne; giving Tunis the same government as that of Algiers—*i. e.* for the soldiers to elect their Bey. Insurance has risen from 1 to 5 1-2 per cent. from this to Naples. Com. PERRY is now here, and intends to proceed with the Java, Erie and Ontario to Tunis, and in case this news is true, he will send a sloop of war to convoy us down.

"Mr. ANDERSON our Consul at Tunis, is now here on board the Java."

STATE BANKS.

Washington City, August 21.

The convention of delegates from the Banks of New-York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, which lately met in Philadelphia, decided to postpone the resumption of specie payments until, at the earliest, the 1st of July next. The decision was communicated, as stated in an extract from a Baltimore paper, published in this paper, on the 30th instant, to the Secretary of the Treasury; but we understand, that the Secretary was far from approving it, or suggesting, that in the discharge of his official duties, he could acquiesce in the proposed arrangement. The decision is in manifest collision with the measures of the Legislature, for establishing the Bank of the United States, and for the collection of the revenue, in the lawful currency; and Mr. Dallas's view of its effects may be collected from the expressions of a letter which he has addressed to the Bank Commissioners at Philadelphia; and of which the following is a copy.

Letter from the Secretary of the Treasury to the Bank Commissioners at Philadelphia.

Treasury Department,
15th August, 1816.

GENTLEMEN,

The information communicated to this Department, renders it probable, that in the course of a few days, the sum of 8,400,000 dollars in gold and silver coin, and in the public debt, will have been actually received, on account of the subscriptions to the capital of the Bank of the United States, exclusively of the public subscription; and it will then be your duty, to notify a time and place within the city of Philadelphia, for the election of the directors, who are to be chosen by the stockholders. As an incident in the performance of this duty, it is presumed, that you will deem it proper to provide a suitable building for commencing the business of the Bank, at the place designated for holding the election, and conforming to the general nature of your trust, you will, no doubt, be disposed to make such other preparatory arrangements, as will facilitate and accelerate the operations of the institution. It is indeed, of high importance to the people, as well as to the government, that the Bank of the United States should be in an organized and active state before the 20th of February next, when the paper of the State Banks, which have not returned to metalic payments must be rejected in the collection of duties and taxes; and when such Banks will unavoidably, cease to be the depositaries of the public revenue.

In this view of the subject, I am authorised by the President, to recommend that you cause to be prepared such books, engravings, and paper, as you shall deem necessary for the commencement of the business of the Bank, as soon as the directors shall be chosen by the stockholders.—If, however, an opportunity occurs, it will be proper to consult the directors, who have been appointed by the government, although not members of your Board, upon the measures pursued, in consequence of this recommendation.

With the advantages of the proposed anticipation, it is believed, that the Bank of the United States may be in operation before the 1st of January next; and a hope is still indulged, that the State Banks will either conform to that event, or adopt the period contemplated by the Legislature, (the 20th of February,) for a general resumption of specie payments.

I have the the honor to be, Gentlemen, very respectfully, your most obedient servant.

A. J. DALLAS.

Messrs. JONES, GIRARD, WILLING, EVANS. } *Commissioners*, &c.

A friend of the writer, when in Paris, went to the church yard of St. Benedict to search for the grave of Labedoyere. His exertions for a long time were unsuccessful. At length he discovered a small wooden cross; on it some one had scratched the name of Labedoyere, and encircled it with a wreath of laurel. Beneath it another hand had written "those who knew you, lov'd you;" another still had added, "honor to the brave." They dared not show their loyalty openly: and were glad to vent their feelings in this eloquent tribute to his memory. Shame on the country where such feelings must be smothered; where names associated by their exploits, with all the nobler feelings of our nature, are associated by law with treason and guilt.

B. Yankee.

WESTERN ATHENS.

Athens, in the State of Ohio, promises to become like its ancient namesake, the seat of science and literature. By a law of Congress, upwards of 50,000 acres of excellent land have been consecrated to the holy purpose of education. This rising town stands on the left bank of the Hockhocking, forty miles above its junction with the Ohio. A new and elegant (Stone) College is now erecting in this favored town—many individual dwelling houses will be built this season. The college lands, so called, are leased forever to applicants—the lessee paying an interest of 6 per cent. per annum according to appraised value of the lands, in a state of nature, which are valued from 50 cents to 10 dollars an acre.—The funds which are soley applied to the use of education already amount to 30,000 dollars per annum. Thus the poorest people have now an opportunity of obtaining good farms upon very easy terms, and of giving to their children a classical education; for not only the expences of tuition, but those of boarding will be defrayed out of the rents of the college lands. The country around Athens is fast settling—and the time will come when modern Athens, like her venerable prototype, will produce her Demosthenes and her Phocions.

[*Seneca Patriot.*

LONDON, *June* 6.

The Society of Friends of Foreigners in Distress.

The Ninth Anniversary of the Society of Friends in Distress, was yesterday celebrated with increased splendour. The duke of Kent was in the chair; many of the Foreign Ministers were present, and an assemblage of distinguished individuals.

The duke of York, Lord Castlereagh, and Mr. Vansittart, sent apologies for not attending.

The healths of her Majesty, as Protectress of the Institution, and of the Emperor of Russia, and king of Prussia, as Protectors, were drank with loud applause.

His Royal Highness, the chairman, mentioned that more than 4000 objects had been relieved by the Society since its institution.

On the health of the American Minister being given, Mr. ADAMS addressed the company, in a neat and eloqent speech, in which he took occasion, most forcibly, to point out the incomparable merit of the Institution, its inestimable value to the world at large, and imperative claim upon the Country of every individual of whatever nation, who had at heart the happiness of his fellow beings.

After dinner, a collection of seven hundred and fifty pounds, was made in aid of the funds of the Institution.

BOSTON, *Aug.* 21.

Arrived, schr Mermaid, Handy, 40 days from Cumana. Sailed June 23. Left no American vessels. Captain Handy was embargoed at Cumana 69 days on account of an expedition fitting out against the Patriots. The expedition consisting of 19 sail, brigs, schrs and gun boats, averaging about 10 guns each. sailed the 25th, in quest of the Patriot fleet, supposed to be off Guira; and Capt. Handy obtained permission to sail the 28th—about fifty persons of the first respectability applied to Captain Handy for a passage to Porto Rico, but the government would not grant passports to them.

Cumana was still in possessions of the Royalists when Capt. Handy sailed, but the Patriots were at Cariao, about five leagues distance, marching for that place. The governor, and every other person capable of bearing arms, had been obliged to take up arms, and had marched to oppose their progress—the force under the Governor consited of 2500 men and boys.

The fleet was manned, (to use captain Handy's expression) with the "greatest number of scarecrows that he ever saw, or that ever assumed the name of sailors;" and it is the opinion of capt. H. that an American sloop of war could capture the whole of them.

It was reported at Cumana, that Gen. Morillo was at Caraccas, on his way to Cumana; but as the report had been current for two or three months, very little confidence was placed in it.

The Americans at Cumana were treated in a contemptible and insulting manner, and captain Handy, would advise all Americans to go well armed.

Executions took place almost daily at Cumana, and it was shocking to humanity, says Captain Handy, to witness the barbarity and horrid treament the Patriots experienced, whenever, they fell into the hands of the Royalists. Persons were daily apprehended as spies, and for being favourable to the cause of the Patriots, they received a mock trial, were sentenced to death, taken out to the plains, (just without the city) where they were shot, and their bodies left on the ground for the crows to feed upon.

An instance of inhumanity, and cruelty took place at Cumana, while Capt. Handy was there, which disaffected a great many persons with the government, and on account of which, it was thought would not oppose the approach of the Patriots, but on the contrary, would join them. It is as follows, a Copy from Capt. Handy's Journal:

"*June* 12.—Witnessed a most barbarous act. A female of the most respectable family in Cumana, for uttering some invectives against the government, and speaking in favour of the Patriotic party, was tied on a jack ass, attended by a guard of the soldiers, led through the streets and at every corner, and opposite the houses of her dearest connections received a number of lashes on her bare back, proportionate to 200 she was sentenced to receive. What rendered the punishment still more disgraceful, the person who inflicted it was a large negro, who, when her long beautiful hair, in some degree defended her delicate skin, the inhuman wretch, with one hand removed it, that the lashes inflicted with the other might cause more acute pain. The poor sufferer was blindfolded, and bore the inhuman treratment with as much fortitude, as perhaps was ever exhibited on a similar occasion—her cries were feeble, but I saw notwithstanding the handkerchief that concealed her face, tears trickling down and falling on her breasts. I saw but one dozen lashes inflicted; but some of my crew who were on shore, had the curiosity to see the whole sentence put in execution. My feelings were too much hurt to let curiosity overcome them. I made particular enquiries respecting the unfortunate girl two days after, and was informed that she refused all medical aid and food; and a few days afterwards I was informed that she was dead, being, from her exquisite feelings, unable to survive the digrace and pain she had suffered.

To the Democratic Members of Congress, who voted for the SALARY BILL.

BY W. RAY, ESQ.

Well done, *republicans*, well done!
All your constituents as one,
Pronounce you modern sages;
Not bound by œconomic rules,
Which govern mercenary fools,
In calculating wages.

Before how paltry was your pay?
What was six dollars for each day,
Spent in gallanting ladies—
Riding in coaches, drinking wine,
Dressing and going out to dine,
As every member's trade is?

What was six dollars for a night?
Ah! here's a question that rubs tight,
And so we pass it over;
No doubt you *gambled* now and then,
And liv'd like other Congressmen—
That is, like pigs in clover.

What if the people groan'd and sweat,
Beneath the load of public debt,
To save our rights contracted?
Must a physician have the less,
The more his patient feels distress;
And generously has acted?

What if the *soldier's* scanty pay
Was *less* per *month* than your's per *day*,
His recompense was *glory*;
But as you've none of *that* to share
Would people have you live on air?
A very pretty story!

What is equality?—pray tell—
A theme which answers mighty well
To harp on at elections:
But when elected, very soon,
You'll find those harpers change their tune;
Or play it with objections.

And what's œconomy? alas!
A spurious bill, that will not pass,
Amongst our legislators;
But farmers know it to be true,
And take it as for specie due,
For they were its creators.

How comfortably must you feel,
After a full and hearty meal
Of public loaves and fishes;
But wait till the next Congress meet—
Chance if they leave you much to eat,
Except to lick the dishes.

Yet, after all, 'tis not so bad—
One consolation may be had—
Proclaim it from the steeple,
That you *resign*—and so fulfil
What you were sent to do—*the will*
And *wishes* of the *people*.

Last Notice.

THE delinquent Collectors of County Taxes in Allegheny county, previous to the beginning of the present year, who do not on or before the 15th of the present month settle off their respective duplicates, will be prosecuted against (in the most summary manner) according to law.

Wm. Steele, *Treas'r.*

September 2, 1816.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership of JOHN M'GREW & THOMAS COLLINS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands against said firm, or the firm of Cowan and Collins, or against Thomas Collins, will please present their accounts for settlement, and all those indebted to either of the firms, will please to make immediate payment to John M'Grew, who is duly authorised to receive and settle same accounts.

JOHN M'GREW,
THOMAS COLLINS.

Pittsburgh, August 16, 1816.

Just Received and For Sale,

AT A REDUCED PRICE,

500 Buffalo ROBES,
100,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
30,000 lbs. Shott.

APPLY TO

Bosler & Co.

WHO also offer the most extensive assortment of Grates, Cambooses, Coal and Wood Stoves, that has ever been exhibited in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1awtfq.

APPROVED
Family Medicines

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health;

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops;

(Price $2.)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC BITTERS.

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and all seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFLALIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tissott's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS,

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAIHY'S PLAISTER CLOTH,

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all woundstending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines, just received and for Sale, by

OBRIEN & DYOTT,

DRUGGISTS,

WOOD STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND STREETS,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yqt

Stray Cows.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, in Pittsburgh, on the 1st of July last, TWO MILK COWS One a small Red Cow, with some white in her face, and on her right side—low and thick set, with small crooked horns; had calved about three weeks before she went away. The other is a middle sized Cow, slim made, with large horns, light red and much spotted with white. A liberal reward will be paid to any person who will bring them to the subscriber, or give information where they may be found.

E. PENTLAND.

August 24, 1816.

A Gig Horse, for Sale.

A VERY FINE GIG or RIDING HORSE, for Sale. He is well known in this place as an excellent and very expeditious traveller, and extremely well suited for a Lady's hackney. Terms reasonable. Enquire of ISAAC HARRIS,

Diamond, Pittsburgh.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by an act of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act to regulate the general elections within this commonwealth," it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected, I, WILLIAM WOODS, sheriff of the county of Allegheny, do therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of the said county of Allegheny, that a general election will be held in the said county on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT at the several election districts to wit;

The electors of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the court-house—and the electors of the following described parts of the city of Pittsburgh and Pitt township, in the county of Allegheny, shall be a separate election district, to wit:—beginning on the Monogahela river, on the east side of Wood-street in the said city and running thence by the east side of Wood-steet to the east side of Liberty-Street; thence by the same to the east side of Washington-street, being the city line; thence by the same to the Allegheny river; thence up the said river to the mouth of the Two Mile Run; thence up the said run by Roup's mill, to Henry Fulton's farm house; thence a straight line to Wilham Knox's farm house, on the Four Mile Run, including the two last mentioned places; thence down the said Four Mile Run to the Monongahela river; thence down the same to the place of beginning—and the electors of said district shall hold their general elections at the court-house in the said city of Pittsburgh.

The electors of Pitt township to meet at the house of Thomas Wilson, in said township.

The electors of Plumb township to meet at the house of John Little; in said township.

The electors of Versailles township to meet at the house of William Shaw, in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township to meet at the house of John Walker, in Elizabethtown, in said township.

The electors of Miflin township to meet a the house of William Walker, in said township.

The electors of St. Clair township to meet at the house of Thomas M'Cully in said township.

The electors of Fayette township to meet at the house of Matthew M'Coy, in Noblestown, in said township.

The electors of Robinson township to meet at the house of William Marks, in said townrhip.

The electors of Moon township to meet at the house of Margery Byers, in said township.

The electors of Ohio township to meet at the house of John Moore, in said township.

The eleetors of Ross township to meet at the house of Samuel Allen, in said township.

The electors of Pine township to meet at the house of William Cochran, in said township.

The electors of Deer townhip to meet at the house of Felix Negley, in said township

The electors of Indiana township to meet at the house of David Stewart, in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot:

One person, in conjunction with Butler County, as a Member of the House of Representatives of the United States

Four Members of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in conjunction with Butler County.

Two persons for Sheriff for Allegheny County.

One person for Commissioner for Allegheny County

And one person for Auditor for Allegheny County.

And in and by the act of the general assembly of this state, passed the 17th day of March, 1800, it is directed that the inspectors of the said general election shall be chosen by ballot, on the Friday next preceding the first Tuesday in October, at the several election districts, and the election of such inspectors shall be held by the respective constables, who are required to give at least one week's notice of such election, assisted by two qualified citizens, chosen by such citizens qualified to vote as shall then be present; and the inspectors chosen are required to be at the places of their districts on the day of the general eclection aforesaid, at nine o'clock in the morning, to do and perform the duties required of them.

And the return judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at the court house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the Friday next, after the said second Tuesday in October next, then and there to perform those duties required of them by law.

Given under my hand at Pittsburgh, this 12th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the forty-first year of the Independence of the United States.

WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff.

Turnpike Notice.

THE President and Managers of the Stoy'stown and Greensburgh Turnpike Company, have ordered that the Stockholders pay to the Treasurer the fifth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on next; the first of June the sixth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of July next; the seventh instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of August next; the eighth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of September next; the ninth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of October next, and the tenth instalment of Five Dollars on each share, on the first of November next.

Capt. JOHN PENTLAND, of Pittsburgh, is authorised to receive payments for the Treasurer.

THOMAS POLLOCK, Treasurer.

April 1, 1816.

A Partner Wanted.

THE Subscriber having made considerable improvements to his Works, is induced to offer to a respectable Capatilist, a joint concern.

When it is considered the large amount of the Article forwarded to this place from different parts of the Union, and the amount thereby drawn away of Cash, which ought to circulate at home, it must be acknowledged that the PITTSBURGH

Soap and Candle Manufactory,

wants only the aid of capital to render it respectable and productive.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

Pittsburgh, 19th August, 1816. 2awtf

N. B. It is requested none but principals will apply.

The Estate of Gen. John Wilkins, deceased.

PERSONS having claims against this Estate, will please to render their accounts to the Subscriber—and those who may be indebted will make payment to him.

E. DENNY, *Administrator.*

Pittsburgh, August 20, 1816. 2aw1m.

To Country Merchants.

COMLY & WRIGHT,

No. 95 MARKET STREET,

ARE selling off, at very reduced prices, for Cash or good acceptances, a large stock of

DRY GOODS.

CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ.

10 Bales super and midling Cloths of fashionable colours
12 Do. do. coarse do do.
7 Do do. coatings
15 Do. Rose, Point and Dufffl Blankets
2 Do. white Kerseys,
2 Do. blue Plains,
9 Cases Velveteens, Cords and Thicksets
3 Bales super and common Bedford Cords
3 Do. do. do. Cassimeres
1 Do. do. Stockingnetts
10 Trunks super fancy Prints, beautiful patterns
2 Do. Madrass Hdkf's
3 Do. 3-4 and 9-8 fancy Ginghams
3 Do. 7-8 and 9-8 Steam Loom and Long Cloth Shirting
5 Do. 9-8 and 6-4 Cambric Muslins
9 cases Pins
3 Do. Cotton Hosiery
1 Do. fashionable Coat Buttons
1 Do. do. Wove do.
1 Do. do. Dimity
10 Do. best patent Threads

With a variety of small articles, as Binding, Ferret, Buttons, Tapes, Cotton Balls, Shirt Wires, Ribbons, &c.

—ALSO—

60 Bales of India Muslins,

CONSISTING OF

Sannahs,
Gurrahs,
Mamodies,
Cossas,
Baftas,
Fine Mull Mull
Jaconet, Terrendams,
Scarfs, Seerhodcodie,
Nansook, Hdkf's
} COMPANY GOODS.

ALSO—

10 Cases Calcutta Silk Goods, viz:
5 Do. Choppa Romals, first quality,
3 Do. Bandannas,
2 Do. Sistersoys,

ALSO—

10,000 Yards DOMESTIC SHIRTINGS of good quality.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9, 1816. 2aw1m

Grocery, Wine and Spirit STORE.

The Subscribers having commenced the above Business, to which they mean exclusively to confine themselves, have now for Sale on moderate erms, the following Articles of the best quality:

COFFEE in barrels and bags
Loaf Sugar and Coffee in barrels
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas in boxes & chests
Chocolate
Pepper
Alspice
Ginger
Mustard in bottles
Madder
Copperas
Allum
Almonds
Raisins
Sweet Oil in bottles
Real Havanna Segars
Nutmegs
Cloves
Cinnamon
Cogniac Brandy
Jamaica Rum
Holland Gin
Madeira
Teneriffe
Port and
Lisbon
} Wine

Armstrong & Ewing,

WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, August 12, 1816. 2awtf.

Shearing Machines.

THE Subscribers hereby give information to Fullers and Manufacturers of Woolen Cloths, that they have constantly for Sale DEWEY'S PATENT SHEARING MACHINES, for Shearing Broad and Narrow Cloth, at the old stands, viz: Mrs. Long's inn, north Fourth Street, near the corner of Callowhill Street, Philadelphia, and at Lanvale Factory, on Jones's Falls, one mile from Baltimore. For recommendations we refer to John Wilson, Falls of Schuylkill, Mr. Murphey, Milford, Isaac Pitcher, Bristol, William Griffith, Burlington, N. J. William Rogers, Trenton, N. J. Captain Ripley, Grubtown, Mr. Kelly, Germantown, George Cochran, Pittsburgh, Pa. John R. Philips, near Wilmington, Del. N. H. Clifford, near Baltimore, Manufacturing Company, Funkstown, Maryland, Edgar Patterson, Georgetown, D. C. and almost every Fuller or Manufacturer in the vicinity of Philadelphia or Baltimore, with cast-steel edges, where they may be seen in operation. The Shears of these Machines are one twisted and one straight blade, and are warranted—we also warrant and defend the use of them to purchasers.

Gentlemen wishing to purchase Machines, can be supplied by calling at the abovementioned places, or on Levi Prescott, near Pittsburgh, or Joshua Wood, Brownsville, who are our agents; or by directing a line to Stanley & Bulkely, at Philadelphia or Baltimore, where all orders will be punctually attended to and the Machines put in operation at their factories.

STANLEY & BULKELY.

August 17, 1816.

John B. Trevor,

Having sold his Share in the Glass Manufactory heretofore conducted unde the Firm of TREVOR & ENCELL, the business of said Establishment, in its various branches, is now carried on by

BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

At their commodious Warehouse in Wood Street, near the Monongahela Ferry; where they offer for Sale a general assortment of

Plain and Cut Flint Glass.

Orders for GLASS shall be executed with care and despatch, and GOODS and MERCHANDIZE received, stored and forwarded on the usual terms of Commission.

Having made arrangements for a regular supply of WINDOW GLASS and GREEN BOTTLES, *Boxton, Encell & Co.* will shortly be able to furnish their Customers with all kinds of Articles in the Glass line of business.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1816.

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, the following property belonging to the estate of THOMAS WALLACE, dec. viz- 1 lot fronting on Penn-street, sub-divided into building lots of 25 by 50 feet—one lot on Fourth, between Ferry-street and Redoubt alley—and 1 lot fronting on Redoubt alley, between Third and Fourth-streets. Also, one 10 acre out-lot situated near the town of Allegheny—all of which they will dispose of upon the most accommodoting terms.

They will also have for lease for the term of 18 years, the tan yard formerly occupied by the deceased, subdivided into lots of 25 by 84 feet, fronting on third and fourth streets.

The lot to which the ferry on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Market street is attached will also be subdivided into building lots, subject to leases upon the same terms as above.

For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun. or IRWIN WALLACE, who are authorised to make arrangements for the sale and lease of the above property.

GEORGE WALLACE,
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun.
MARY WALLACE,
IRWIN WALLACE.

Pittsburgh June 8, 1816.

100 Dollars Reward.

ESCAPED from the common jail, in the village of Mayville, county of Chatauque, and state of New-York, on the 17th inst a person by the name of SAMUEL PARKER, formerly from the state of Pennsylvania, and well known at Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Said Parker is about 32 years old, about 6 feet high well built, sandy complexion, and reddish hair was committed for an assault and battery, with an intent to murder, and also for forgery. Whoever will take up said Parker, and return him to this prison, or secure him in any jail in the United States, and give notice thereof, shall be entitled to the above reward, and all necessary charges paid.

JONATHAN SPRAGUE, Sheriff.

Mayville, July 6, 1816.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE *TRACT of LAND*, containing 177 acres, situate in Deer township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of Robert Miller, James Love and others, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements consist of two story log dwelling House, and about 15 acres cleared. This tract is considered one of the best in the neighbourhood.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, in the City of Pittsburgh being 46 feet front on Irwin Street and 64 feet deep, on which is erected a two story Frame House, 21 feet front and 32 feet deep, well finished, and other convenient buildings. This Lot is subject to two dollars per foot annually, forever. To suit purchasers I will sell that part of the Lot on which the House stands separately; the residue of the ground will have the advantage of two gables to build to.

ALSO,

A LOT of Ground,

NO. 11, in Bayard's Town, Northern Liberties, 50 feet front on the Turnpike Road, and 100 feet in depth to a 20 feet Alley, in fee simple. The property will be cheap.

For terms, which will be made easy, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, or to the subscriber living on the premises in Irwin Street.

RICHARD LEWIS.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1816.

Groceries and Boat STORES.

JAMES M'CAY,

Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

HAS on hand, and keeps constantly for Sale, on the most liberal terms, the following articles, viz:—

Liquors and Groceries,

of all kinds, and of the best quality.

PROVISIONS of every description.

☞ BOAT STORES put up on the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1816. 6m

BOAT STORES

AND GROCERIES.

R. I. DUNN,

At his Store in Wood-street, near the Ferry.

KEEPS always a constant supply of provisions, Groceries and Liquors, (foreign and domestic) of the best quality.

☞ Boat Stores for gentlemen going down the river, are put up at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.